

UNDERSTANDING HOUSTON: A DEMOGRAPHIC SNAPSHOT



POPULATION: Houston: **2.3 million** Harris County: **4.7 million**¹



UNINSURED RATE: Houston: 23% Texas: 17%¹



MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME: Houston: **\$53,600** Texas: **\$63,826**¹



KEY RESOURCES AND CANCER CENTERS:

Two of Texas's four National Cancer Institute-Designated Cancer Centers are in Houston²

- MD Anderson at The University of Texas
- Dan L. Duncan Comprehensive Cancer Center at Baylor College of Medicine

LANGUAGE DIVERSITY:

48% of households speak a language other than English **38%** of households speak Spanish¹

CANCER LANDSCAPE: PREVALENCE, INCIDENCE, AND MORTALITY RATES



PREVALENCE: In 2021, Harris County had a relatively low cancer prevalence rate of **5.2** per **100,000**. However, certain areas, such as West and Southwest Houston, experienced higher rates, reaching up to **8.6** per **100,000**.

MORTALITY RATES (2016-2020)	
DEMOGRAPHIC	RATE (PER 100,000)
Texas	144.5
Harris County	139.4
Non-Hispanic Black	184.2
Non-Hispanic White	149.3
Hispanic	103.9
Asian/Pacific Islander	91.2
American Indian/Alaskan Native	58.8

TALITY DATEC (2046 2020)

THE IMPACT OF CPRIT FUNDING

Between **2010 and 2024**, a total investment of **\$19,688,123.06** was provided by CPRIT to three grantees highlighted in this case study. These grantees included both university-based health systems and small community-based nonprofits, each receiving funding multiple times during this period.

>> SCREENINGS PROVIDED

- Total Screenings: 281,170
 - Vaccine: 124,358
 - Clinical Assessment: 58,899
 - Diagnostic: 40,587
 - Screening: 30,725
 - Survivorship: 16,129
 - Tobacco Cessation: 10,448
 - Genetic Testing: 24

- 46,060 people screened for the first time in the Houston Area
- As a result of grant activities, 359 policy and system changes were implemented
- TRAININGS PROVIDED (2017-2022) Professional: 19,585 Public: 214,831 Total: 234.416

Project periods extended from 2010 to 2024; however, due to changes in data reporting, the available data years are 2017 to 2022.

<u>1</u> U.S. Census Bureau. (n.d.). Houston city, Texas. Retrieved June 25, 2024, data.census.gov/profile/Houston_city,_Texas?g=160XX00US4835000 2 List of National Cancer Institute (NCI)-Designated Cancer Centers

OBJECTIVE

APPROACH

IMPACT

TOBACCO SCREENING AND CESSATION



Enhance tobacco screening and cessation services. Formed partnerships with mental health providers; integrated smoking cessation into routine care. Expanded reach and access to tobacco-related care; contributed to the professional growth of leaders in cancer prevention.

CULTURALLY TAILORED SERVICES FOR ASIAN COMMUNITIES



Provide cancer prevention, education and survivorship services to diverse Asian populations. Developed multilingual educational materials; conducted community screenings; assisted with health insurance navigation. Addressed language and cultural barriers; improved access to preventive care; highlighted the role of grassroots organizations.

COMPREHENSIVE CANCER PREVENTION PROGRAM



Address screening, patient education, and navigation services. Partnered with a large safety-net hospital; created accessible educational materials; improved follow-up care. Increased screening rates; reduced patient follow-up gaps from 40-50% to nearly zero; enhanced navigation through the healthcare system.

OVERALL IMPACT

Summary: Tailored, community-based approaches and strategic partnerships have significantly advanced cancer prevention.

Benefits: Improved access to care, addressed barriers such as language and insurance, and enhanced patient follow-up and navigation.

"[The grant's focus was] educating the providers, working with them to develop sustainable ways of screening our patients, and to know where to refer them to for tobacco use care" "We've had an impact on thousands of people... [especially] the African American and Hispanic population...raising awareness about the importance of early detection and screening and healthy living and taking care of yourselves...I really feel that it's been extremely worthwhile."



PARTNERSHIPS

Crucial for success; balance between large entities and grassroots organizations. Large entities offer administrative support; grassroots organizations engage directly with underserved populations.



IMPACT

Significant impact on racial and ethnic minorities; focus on health insurance access and culturally relevant materials.

LESSONS LEARNED



Small organizations struggle with reporting; successful models include central organizations managing data for multiple partners.



Resources and systems developed have long-term benefits beyond grant periods, enhancing cancer prevention and support for underserved communities.